| Ques | tion | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|------|-------|--|-------|--|
| 1 (a |) (i) | | 3 | ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES ETC |
| | | 2NH₃ added as product ✓ | | IGNORE state symbol ALLOW product mark even if product line above the reactant line |
| | | Δ <i>H</i> labelled with product below reactant AND arrow downwards ✓ | | ALLOW -92 as a label for ΔH ALLOW this line even if it has a small gap at the top and bottom ie does not quite reach reactant or product line |
| | | E _a labelled correctly AND above reactants ✓ | | The curve must be drawn for this marking point |
| | | enthalpy $3H_2 + N_2$ ΔH $2NH_3$ progress of reaction | | IGNORE arrows at both ends of activation energy line but DO NOT ALLOW arrow pointing down The E_a line must go to maximum (or near to the maximum) on the curve ALLOW if the line clearly shows an activation energy and is not an enthalpy change ALLOW this line even if it has a small gap at the top and bottom ie does not quite reach the maximum or reactant line |

| C | Question | | er | Marks | Guidance |
|---|----------|-------|--|-------|------------------------------|
| | (a) | (ii) | -46 (kJ mol ⁻¹) ✓ | 1 | DO NOT ALLOW 46 with no sign |
| | | (iii) | Any value between +1 to +249 (kJ mol ⁻¹) ✓ | 1 | + sign is ot needed |
| | | (iv) | +342 (kJ mol ⁻¹) ✓ | 1 | + sign is ot needed |
| | (b) | (i) | $2CO + 2NO \rightarrow 2CO_2 + N_2 \checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW correct multiples |

| (| Question | | er | Marks | Guidance |
|---|----------|------|--|-------|---|
| | (b) | (ii) | CO and NO are adsorbed (onto surface) OR reactants are adsorbed (onto surface) ✓ | 3 | ALLOW CO and NO stick onto surface OR CO and NO form weak attractions to the surface OR gases are adsorbed onto surface OR gases bond to surface NOT absorb but allow ecf for deabsorb later on |
| | | | weakening of bonds OR chemical reaction OR new bonds are made OR carbon dioxide and nitrogen are made ✓ | | ALLOW lowers activation energy IGNORE alternative pathway Requires less energy is not sufficient |
| | | | CO_2 and N_2 desorbs (from the surface) OR products desorbs (from the surface) \checkmark | | ALLOW products leave (the surface) OR products diffuse away (from surface) OR weak attraction to surface is broken ALLOW deadsorb |

| Questi | ion | er | Marks | Guidance | |
|--------|------|---|-------|--|--|
| (c) | (i) | Any two from: IR (spectroscopy) ✓ Mass spectrometry ✓ | 2 | ALLOW mass spec / MS / mass spectroscopy | |
| | | UV (spectroscopy) ✓ NMR ✓ | | | |
| | | GC ✓ | | ALLOW atomic absorption / AAS IGNORE satellite imaging or thermal imaging | |
| | (ii) | Any one from: Idea that pollution travels (across country) borders OR idea that all countries contribute towards pollution OR Cooperation means that scientists can share ideas OR scientists can warn governments of risk OR world-wide legislation can be introduced OR allows monitoring of pollution in different countries OR richer countries can help poorer countries introduce pollution controls OR One country cannot control pollution unless all countries do ✓ | 1 | ALLOW some countries produce more pollution than others ALLOW so protocols can be developed | |
| (d) | | Step 1 NO + O ₃ \rightarrow NO ₂ + O ₂ \checkmark Step 2 NO ₂ + O \rightarrow NO + O ₂ \checkmark overall O ₃ + O \rightarrow 2O ₂ \checkmark | 3 | | |

| Ques | tion | er | Marks | Guidance |
|------|------|--|-------|---|
| (e) | (i) | Reaction gives NO OR reaction gives NO ₂ OR reaction gives a mixture of oxides OR activation energy too high OR rate of reaction is too slow ✓ | 1 | ALLOW makes a mixture of oxides/products ALLOW reaction cannot be carried out experimentally ALLOW reaction does not take place nitrogen and oxygen do not react together is not sufficient IGNORE heat loss to surroundings IGNORE reference to bond enthalpy being a mean value |
| | (ii) | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = +82 (kJ mol ⁻¹) award 2 marks IF answer = -82 (kJ mol ⁻¹) award 1 mark $\Delta H = 193 - 111 \checkmark$ = +82 \(| 2 | ALLOW 82 |
| | | 102 | | ALLOW one mark for -82 ALLOW one mark for +304 / -304 |
| | | Total | 19 | |

| Q | uesti | on | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|---|-------|-----|--|-------|--|
| 2 | (a) | | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = -162 (kJ mol ⁻¹) award 3 marks | 3 | IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below. |
| | | | | | IF ECF, ANNOTATE WITH TICKS AND CROSSES, etc |
| | | | Energy associated with bond breaking = 3354 OR $(2 \times 805) + (4 \times 436) \checkmark$ | | IGNORE sign |
| | | | | | IGNORE sign |
| | | | Energy associated with bond making = 3516 OR (4 × 415) + (4 × 464) ✓ | | |
| | | | Enthalpy change = −162 ✓ | | ALLOW ECF from wrong additions of energy associated with bond breaking and/or from bond making |
| | | | | | ALLOW two marks for (+)162, (+)6870, -6870 or (+)766 |
| | | | | | ALLOW one mark for -766 |
| | (b) | (i) | Absorbs IR radiation ✓ | 2 | IGNORE absorbs heat |
| | | | | | ALLOW IR re-radiated |
| | | | | | DO NOT ALLOW absorbs UV radiation |
| | | | | | DO NOT ALLOW blocks IR radiation |
| | | | Bonds vibrate ✓ | | ALLOW bonds stretch OR bonds bend |
| | | | | | IGNORE molecule vibrates/rotates |
| | | | | | DO NOT ALLOW bonds break |
| | | | | | |

| C | Question | | er | Marks | Guidance |
|---|----------|------|--|-------|---|
| | (b) | (ii) | Any two from: | 2 | |
| | | | | | DO NOT ALLOW reference to carbon being stored – the answer must either refer to carbon dioxide or not mention the name of the stored substance |
| | | | (liquid) injected deep into the oceans ✓ | | ALLOW store deep in the oceans OR on the sea-bed ✓ ALLOW stored deep under the sea DO NOT ALLOW dissolve CO₂ in the sea OR stored in ocean |
| | | | Stored in (old) geological formations OR stored underground in rocks OR stored in (old) mines OR stored in (old) oil wells ✓ | | ALLOW stored under the sea bed ALLOW pumped into oil wells to force last bit of oil out |
| | | | Stored by reaction with metal <u>oxides</u> OR reaction to form (solid) <u>carbonates</u> OR stored as a <u>carbonate</u> OR equation to show formation of metal carbonate ✓ | | IGNORE mineral storage |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Quest | ion | er | Marks | Guidance |
|-------|-----|---|-------|---|
| (c) | (i) | | 7 | ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES ETC |
| | | | | IGNORE dot for radical and any state symbols for all equations |
| | | Homolytic ✓ | | |
| | | $Br_2 \longrightarrow 2Br \checkmark$ | | |
| | | $Br + C_2H_6 \longrightarrow HBr + C_2H_5 \checkmark$ $C_2H_5 + Br_2 \longrightarrow C_2H_5Br + Br \checkmark$ | | If more than one termination step is written they must all be correct to be awarded the mark DO NOT ALLOW termination steps with H |
| | | $\begin{array}{c} Br \; + \; C_2H_5 \longrightarrow C_2H_5Br \\ \mathbf{OR} \; Br \; + \; Br \longrightarrow Br_2 \\ \mathbf{OR} \; C_2H_5 \; + \; C_2H_5 \; \longrightarrow C_4H_{10} \; \checkmark \end{array}$ | | DO NOT ALLOW termination steps with n |
| | | Two names of steps linked to appropriate equations ✓ OR three names of steps linked to appropriate equations ✓ ✓ | | initiation step linked to correct equation propagation step linked to one equation in which there is a radical on the left and a radical on the right termination step linked to equation involving two radicals: |
| | | | | If no equations are given to link the names of the step then award one mark for mention of all three steps |
| | | | | If halogen other than bromine do not give equation mark for initiation and only give one mark for all three terms linked to appropriate equations |
| | | | | If hydrocarbons other than ethane are used DO NOT ALLOW any marks for the equations in the propagation steps |

| Question | er | Marks | Guidance |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (c) (ii) | Any two from: More than one C–H bond can be substituted OR multisubstitution can occur OR more than one substitution can | 2 | ALLOW equations or examples of multi substitution |
| | happen ✓ Lots of termination steps ✓ | | ALLOW an equation to illustrate formation of other products eg butane ALLOW examples of other products that can be formed in termination steps eg bromobutane |
| | termination steps can give products that will also react with (bromine) radicals ✓ | | ALLOW examples of products eg butane reacting with bromine radicals to give bromobutane |
| | Total | 16 | |

| C | Question | | Answer | Mark | Guidance |
|---|----------|------|--|------|---|
| 3 | (a) | (i) | Reaction in which energy enters the system (from the surroundings) ✓ | 1 | ALLOW reaction that absorbs energy ALLOW takes energy in (from the surroundings) ALLOW enthalpy of products have higher enthalpy than enthalpy of reactants ALLOW heat instead of energy ALLOW correct reference in terms of bond breaking and bond making IGNORE incorrect reference to bond breaking or bond making |
| | | (ii) | +33 ✓ | 1 | + sig is not required DO NOT ALLOW –33 |

| Q | uesti | on | Answer | Mark | Guidance |
|---|---------------|-----------|---|-----------|---|
| 3 | tuesti (b) | on (i) | Answer 2NO added for product ✓ ΔH labelled with product above reactant AND arrow upwards ✓ E _a labelled correctly AND above products ✓ enthalpy | Mark 3 | Guidance ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES IGNORE State symbol ALLOW product line above or below reactants line ALLOW (+)66 ALLOW line that has a small gap at the top and bottom IGNORE arrows at both ends of activation energy line The Ea line must go to maximum (or near to the maximum) on the curve ALLOW if the line clearly shows an activation energy and is not an enthalpy change ALLOW line that has a small gap at the top and bottom |
| | | (ii) | reaction pathway Activation energy is the minimum amount of energy needed for the reactants to react ✓ | 1 | ALLOW compounds OR elements OR molecules OR chemicals instead of reactants ALLOW minimum energy needed to start a reaction |

| C | Questi | on | Answer | Mark | Guidance |
|---|--------|-------|--|------|---|
| 3 | (c) | (i) | Rate of forward reaction slows down and rate of backward reaction speeds up ✓ (Until) rate of forward reaction is the same as the rate of the backward reaction ✓ | 2 | ALLOW at start rate of forward reaction is fast but rate of backward reaction is slow DO NOT ALLOW forward reaction is the same as backward reaction |
| | | (ii) | Reaction is faster ✓ | 5 | ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES |
| | | | Increasing pressure mean more particles per unit volume OR increasing pressure gives more crowded particles OR increasing pressure gives more concentrated (particles) ✓ | | ALLOW particles are closer together DO NOT ALLOW 'area' instead of 'volume' |
| | | | So more collisions per second OR higher collision frequency OR collisions more often ✓ | | ALLOW increased rate of collision OR collisions are more likely OR there is a greater chance of collisions |
| | | | | | 'More collisions' or 'more successful collision' are not sufficient |
| | | | (Changes of pressure) do not change the (position of) equilibrium ✓ | | DO NOT ALLOW composition of equilibrium is the same (in question) |
| | | | Both sides of equation have same number of moles (of gas) ✓ | | ALLOW both sides of equation have same number of molecules (of gas) |
| | | (iii) | Not a closed system ✓ | 1 | ALLOW gases can escape OR gases are continuously entering OR it is an open system |
| | (d) | | has an unpaired electron ✓ | 1 | ALLOW plural: unpaired electrons has a lone electron is not sufficient |
| | (e) | (i) | $2NO + O_2 \rightarrow 2NO_2 \checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW any correct multiple including fractions IGNORE state symbols |

| Question | | on | Answer | Mark | Guidance |
|----------|-----|-------|---|------|--|
| 3 | (e) | (ii) | NO is not consumed OR overall reaction is $O_3 + O \rightarrow 2O_2 \checkmark$ $NO + O_3 \rightarrow NO_2 + O_2 \checkmark$ | 3 | ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES ALLOW 2O ₃ → 3O ₂ OR It is a chain reaction OR NO is reformed OR mechanism of ozone depletion is changed OR NO made can react with more ozone IGNORE dots |
| | | (!!!\ | $NO_2 + O \rightarrow NO + O_2 \checkmark$ | - | ALLOW $NO_2 + O_3 \rightarrow NO + 2O_2$ |
| | | (iii) | ANY TWO FROM: To identify the functional groups (in pollutants) OR to identify the bonds (in pollutants) ✓ Match spectrum to known pollutants OR each pollutant will have a different spectrum ✓ Idea that you can measure the concentration or abundance of pollutant ✓ | 2 | ALLOW a named bond IGNORE any specific wavenumber or range of wavenumbers ALLOW match spectrum to database or datasheet |
| | ı | ı | Total | 21 | |

| Question | | tion | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|------|--|-------|---|
| 4 | а | i | Branched chain alkane of formula C ₅ H ₁₂ to C ₉ H ₂₀ e.g. 2-methylpentane, 3-methyloctane ✓ | 1 | Must have position number but ALLOW methylbutane DO NOT ALLOW 1-methylpentane or 2-ethylpentane etc DO NOT ALLOW incorrect nomenclature e.g. 2- methy pentane etc |
| | b | i | Vibrate (more) ✓ | 1 | ALLOW bend / stretch / oscillate IGNORE rotate NOT break / molecules vibrate |
| | | ii | Incomplete combustion ✓ | 1 | ALLOW not enough oxygen |
| | | iii | NO for photochemical smog OR low level ozone ✓ CO is toxic ✓ | 2 | ALLOW NO can (eventually) cause acid rain OR can result in respiratory irritation OR can (eventually) depletes high level ozone OR depletes ozone layer IGNORE greenhouse gas ALLOW poisonous OR kills OR lethal ALLOW CO reduces the capacity of blood to carry oxygen Oxygen combines with haemoglobin is insufficient IGNORE CO is harmful / suffocates / greenhouse gas |
| | С | i | Makes nitrogen AND carbon dioxide ✓ 2CO + 2NO → N ₂ + 2CO ₂ ✓ | 2 | ALLOW any correct multiples IGNORE state symbols |

| Question | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
|----------|--|-------|---|
| c ii | One activation energy correctly labelled on enthalpy profile diagram ✓ | 7 | ANNOTATE WITH TICKS AND CROSSES With the line/arrow no more than 1 mm from top of curve or reactant line – arrow can be double headed for activation energy ALLOW vertical line with no arrows DO NOT ALLOW arrow just pointing downwards |
| | Idea that activation energy is lowered ✓ | | Marks can be awarded via, reaction profile, in words or from Boltzmann |
| | Catalyst has a different reaction pathway OR different reaction mechanism OR two curves drawn on profile \checkmark Correct diagram of reaction profile for exothermic reaction with product below reactants with y axis as enthalpy or energy and ΔH label – arrow should go down. Ignore a small gap between at either end of ΔH line \checkmark | | enthalpy reactants ΔH products progress of reaction |
| | Drawing of Boltzmann distribution – axes labelled number of molecules and energy ✓ | | Boltzmann distribution – must start at origin and must not end up at 0 on <i>y</i> -axis i.e. must not touch <i>x</i> -axis |
| | More molecules with energy above activation energy with a catalyst ✓ More effective collisions OR more successful collisions ✓ | | number of Ea cat molecules with KE above activation en |
| | | | Kinetic energy |

| Question | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| d | Any two benefits from: | 3 | ANNOTATE WITH TICKS AND CROSSES |
| | Save crude oil OR no risk of large scale pollution from exploitation of crude oil ✓ | | ALLOW decrease the need for fossil fuels |
| | Biodiesel is renewable OR diesel is non-renewable ✓ | | ALLOW plants are a renewable resource / crude oil non-renewable resource / biodiesel is more sustainable / diesel is not sustainable |
| | Use of biodiesel is (more) carbon-neutral OR plants take up the carbon dioxide released during combustion ✓ | | ALLOW lower carbon footprint IGNORE can be used by diesel powered cars with or without any conversion |
| | and one disadvantage | | |
| | Land not used to grow food crops OR (rain)forests have to be cut down to provide land OR food prices may rise because less is grown ✓ | | IGNORE comments about availability / fertilisers / pesticides |
| | because less is grown • | | Destroys habitats is not sufficient |
| | Total | 17 | |